Engineering Ethics



HOWARD UNIVERSITY

Academic Code of Student Conduct





Member Code of Conduct

Engineering as a Profession

- Professions includes fields such as engineering, medicine, the clergy, and law.
- **Profession** is a field of work involving:
 - Systematic, advanced expertise:
 - Through accredited undergraduate programs
 - Through experience as a practicing engineer
 - Self-regulation:
 - Enjoy freedom to govern itself
 - Through licensure
 - Through enforcement of ethical codes.
 - Commitment to the public good:
 - Serving the greater public good by high moral and ethical standards as defined by ethical code.

(a) Systematic, advanced expertise

 Engineer in Training (EIT) (Fundamentals of Engineering (FE) Exam) and Professional Engineer (PE) (Principles and Practices of Engineering Exam)

Certification of Engineer in Training (EIT)

Professional Engineer (P.E.) License

(b) Self-Regulation

- Self-regulation is <u>seen at multiple levels</u>, most notably <u>through the</u> professional organizations of each discipline and <u>through licensure</u>.
- Professional Organizations







Association for Computing Machinery



Society of Automotive Engineers

(c) Commitment to the Public Good

- Engineers impact people.
- the <u>power to impact society</u> comes with the <u>responsibility</u> to do so in the <u>public's best interest</u>.
- Public:
 - <u>is blind</u> to the impact that engineers have on their daily lives.
 - <u>holds</u> an <u>implicit trust</u> that engineered products will work properly.
 - is not present when engineering design decisions are made.
- Engineer's role is to represent society and to ensure their safety and well-being.
- <u>The rules of engineers' roles</u> for public good are the <u>set</u> of values formulated as <u>ethical codes</u>.

Professionalism and Ethics



- NSPE code of ethics
 - Sec 1 (the Fundamental Canons): <u>Main issues</u> from an <u>ethical and professional standing</u>
 - Sec 2 (Rules of Practice): First part of the fundamentals of canons in detail
 - Sec 3 (Professional Obligations): The last point of the fundamentals of canons, focused on professional conduct from <u>a legal, ethical, and</u> <u>societal viewpoint</u>



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Fundamentals of Canons

While fulfilling professional duties, engineers shall

- Hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the (
- 2. Perform services only in the areas of their (
- Issue public statements only in an () and truthful manner
- Act for each employer or client as () agents or trustees
- 5. Avoid () acts
- 6. Conduct themselves **honorably**, **responsibly**, **ethically**, **and lawfully** so as to enhance the (reputation, and usefulness of the profession

Code of Ethics



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- Rules of Practice (partial list)
 - 1. Hold paramount the safety, health, and welfare of the public
 - a. If engineers' judgment is overruled under circumstances that endanger life or property, they shall (
 b) their employer or client and such other (
 b) as may be appropriate
 - b. Engineers having knowledge of any alleged violation of this Code shall () thereon to appropriate professional bodies and, when relevant, also to public authorities, and () with the proper authorities in furnishing such information or assistance as may be required.



Code of Ethics

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- Rules of Practice (partial list)
 - 3. Issue public statements only in an objective and truthful manner.
 - a. Engineers shall issue no statements, criticism, or arguments on technical matters that are inspired or () for by interested parties, unless they have prefaced their comments by explicitly identifying the interested parties on whose behalf they are speaking, and by revealing the existence of any () the engineers may have in the matters.



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- Rules of Practice (partial list)
 - 4. Act for each employer or client as faithful agents or trustees
 - Engineers shall disclose all known or potential
 () of interest that could influence or appear to influence their judgment or the quality of their services
 - Engineers shall not solicit or accept () or other valuable consideration, directly or indirectly, from outside agents in connection with the work for which they are responsible.
 - 5. Avoid deceptive acts
 - a. Engineers shall not offer, give, solicit, or receive, either directly or indirectly, any contribution to
 () the award of a contract.

Howard University Academic Code of Student Conduct

HOWARD UNIVERSITY

or: A-Z Directories Search

Students • Faculty / Staff • Pa https://www.howard.edu/policy/academic/student-conduct.htm

Academic Code of Student Conduct

<< Index of Academic Policies & Procedures

(Revised 2010) Approved by the Board of Trustees, June 29, 2010

Howard University is a community of scholars composed of faculty and students both of whom must hold the pursuit of learning and search for truth in the highest regard. Such regard requires adherence to the goal of unquestionable integrity and honesty in the discharge of teaching and learning responsibilities. Such regard allows no place for academic dishonesty. To better assure the realization of this goal any student enrolled for study at the University may be disciplined for the academic infractions defined below.

Definitions of Academic Infractions

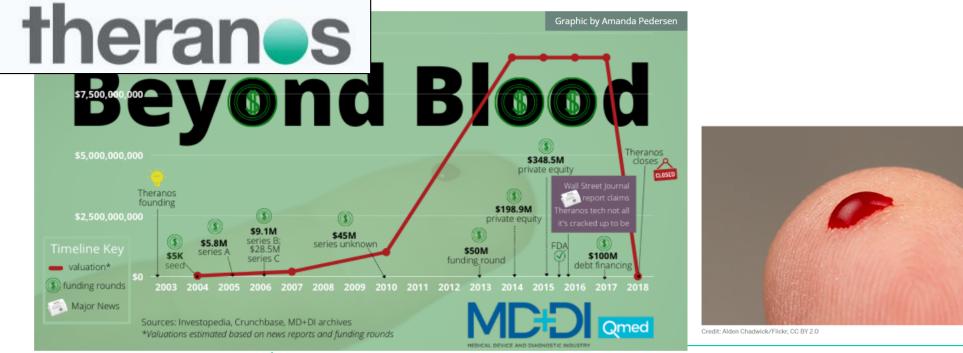
- Academic Cheating—any intentional act(s) of dishonesty in the fulfillment of academic course or program requirements. This offense shall include (but is not limited to) utilization of the assistance of any additional individual(s). organization, document, or other aid not specifically and expressly authorized by the instructor or department involved. (Note: This infraction assumes that with the exception of authorized group assignment or group take-home assignments, all course or program assignments shall be completed by an individual student only without any consultation or collaboration with any other individual, organization, or aid.)
- Plagiarism—to take and pass off intentionally as one's own the ideas, writings, etc. of another without attribution (without acknowledging the author).
- Copy Infringement—Copy infringement occurs when a copyrighted work is reproduced, distributed, performed, publicly displayed, or made into a derivative work without the permission of the copyright owner.

Howard University Academic Code of Student Conduct

- HU is a community of scholars composed of faculty and
 ()
- Both must hold the pursuit of () and search for
 () in the highest regard
- Such regard requires adherence to the goal of unquestionable () and () in the discharge of teaching and learning responsibilities.
- Such regard allows no place for academic (
- Academic infractions:
 - Academic cheating: any additional assistance
 - Plagiarism: intentionally taking off as one's own of another
 - Copy infringement: reproduction of copyrighted works without permission

Technical Essay on Ethics – Subject

Consequences of unethical behavior in <u>Theranos</u> Scandal





Theranos scandal: Who is Elizabeth Holmes and why was she on trial?

(§ 19 November 2022

The rise and fall of Theranos: A timeline



By Sara Ashley O'Brien, CNN Business

Published 3:27 PM EDT, Thu July 7, 2022

Technical Essay on Ethics – Individual Assignment

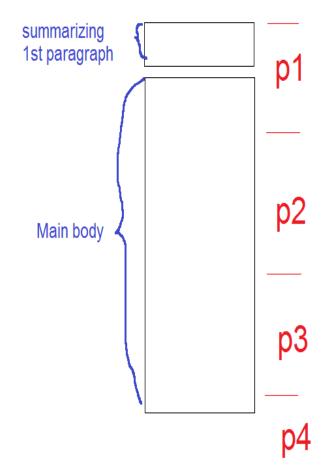
- Technical Essay Subject: "Consequences of unethical behavior – Theranos Fraud/Scandal"
- Essay should answer the following questions
 - 1. What in essence is this scandal?
 - 2. What was the root cause of the scandal?
 - 3. What specific NSPE codes of ethics (of fundamental canons) were violated?
 - 4. What were the consequences of the unethical behavior?
 - 5. What would you do if you were working for the company as a biomedical engineer? [The answer to this question is desired to write in 1st person voice]

Details

- "Consequences of unethical behavior Theranos scandal"
- Link: How to write technical essay well (mandatory)
 - First paragraph [50] (F) Should answer all the questions summarily.
 - Main body [50] (M) Expanded description on the questions and answers. [Main Body] > 4 * [First Paragraph]
 - Similarity Score [0 100] (S) Write your own words. Do not quote.
 - Final Essay Score[100] = F + M (S 5)
- Submission File Naming: Ethics_LastName.docx
- READ the <u>assignment</u> VERY carefully for
 - Scoring rubric
 - Surprise Award
- **Due:** Check the accompanying Essay Assignment for more details

Practical matters

- Mechanics
 - Matched tense
 - 3rd person (<u>except</u>:
 - Brevity and concise and direct
 - No abuse of technical jargons
 - Use complete sentence with correct grammar
- Style
 - The assigned/given essay question has to be summarily answered in the <u>first paragraph</u>.
 The second paragraph will be considered the start of the main body.
 - The <u>main body</u> contains the main and entire essay. The main body, in terms of length or word count, must be at least 4 times of the 1st paragraph.
 - Text only no graphics no photos no images



How to write well

One last piece:

- *Turnitin* similarity check
- Use your own words
- Do not quote rephrase instead

others prefer to eat the big end first (big endian).

when you want to break up a large value

You only use endianness

turnitin Similarity by Source Similarity Index Internet Dources) 16% Originality Report 23% Publications 6% Student Papers: 21% Document Viewer moder von heher nathes together 💌 1 different; not 5% match (Internet from 04-Mar-2015) 1 mation and how http://technology-hint.blogspot.com hitectures/ hese terms are 2 4% match (student papers from 28-Apr-2004) basically based on how data is perceived on each device. For the little endian sequence, data is stored from Submitted to Monmouth University the least significant byte to the most significant byte. In terms of bi-endian, the machine may use either sequence it chooses to use. As for big-endian, the machine will interpret the data from most significant byte 4% match (student papers from 29-Jan-2012) 3 to the least significant byte. As a result of the different approaches, one has to be careful because if a device Submitted to University of Dayton is meant to decipher using big endianness, and then it should only receive that sequence. There will be issues with how the message is shown if otherwise happens. These approaches will further be explained below: taking into consideration the history of this technology. HISTORY First before examining the different 2% match (student papers from 30-Jan-2013) 4 endian architectures / endian-neutral approaches, a thorough look at the history is needed. So this term was Submitted to University of Dayton brought about by Jonathan Swift. His theory came about as a result of his satire personality which can be seen in his famous book "Gulliver's Travels". In this book he explained how people prefer to do things 2% match (Internet from 04-Oct-2016) 5 differently than others. For example, as he explained in the book, some https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Endianness people prefer to eat their hard boiled eggs from the little end first (little endian), while 4 2% match (Internet from 03-Feb-2012) 6 http://en.wikipedia.org 2% match (Internet from 08-Oct-2014) Mr. Swift went on to even explain how these differences leas to various wars; silv wars. With this being said, 7 http://www.biogiava.net there are some misconceptions when dealing with endianness. Some of these misconceptions includes: 1) 2% match (Internet from 08-Jun-2011) 8 1

9

preferences

into smaller values. This is a misconception because people often relates endianness with breaking up registers. There is no reason to break up a register; a

register is neither big endian nor little endian. 1 This means that the rightmost hit is the least significant hit and the followet hit is the most significant hit

1% match (student papers from 24-Mar-2011)

Submitted to Institute of Technology

Blanchardstown

«previous paper mext paper»

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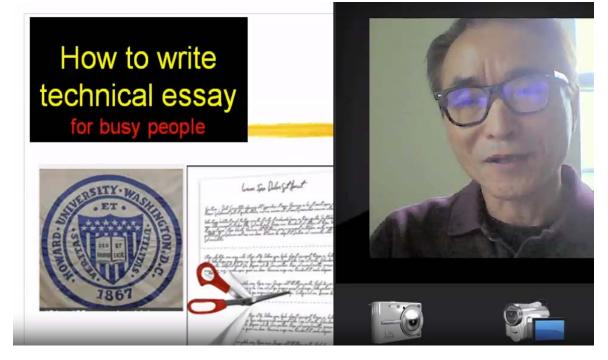
8

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How to write well

• Must study and follow this [video] lecture on "How to write better".

$\leftarrow \rightarrow C$ \bigcirc https://mwftr.com/SD2324.html		
wk9 - Oct 16	Lecture - Engineering Ethics I	" <u>How to write technical essay well"</u>
wk10- Oct 23	Lecture - Oral Presentation	
wk11 - Oct 30	Lecture - Intellectual Property Right	



Scoring Rubric

	1 st Paragraph	Main Body
50	All given questions are answered concisely written in 3 rd person [except the last question] with correct grammar and no abuse of jargons	All given questions are extensively written for answer in 3 rd person [except the last question] with correct grammar and no abuse of jargons, with its length <u>4 times or more</u> of the 1 st paragraph.
40	Only parts of the questions are answered concisely written in 3 rd person [except the last question] with correct grammar and no abuse of jargons	Only parts of the questions are extensively written for answer in 3 rd person [except the last question] with correct grammar and no abuse of jargons, with its length <u>4 times or more</u> of the 1 st paragraph.
20	The questions are answered with wordy phrases and some grammar errors	The questions are somewhat expanded with some grammar errors
10	The questions are not summarily answered	The questions are not expanded.

- Grading
 - (x) Entire Report Score : 50 pts
 - (y) 1st Paragraph Score: 50 pts
 - (z) Similarity Score: [0 100]
 - **Final Score**: (x + y (z 5))
 - < <5% of similarity score is OK
- Surprise Award
 - One essay, from those with perfect score, which has fewest words in the 1st paragraph
 - Award: a surprise